



## Aberdeen City Integration Joint Board

# RESERVES POLICY

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Developed By Chief Finance Officer

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## **1. Background**

- 1.1 The Aberdeen City Integration Joint Board (IJB) and Risk, Audit and Performance Committee is subject to the audit and accounts regulations and legislation of a body under Section 106 of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and is classified as a local government body for accounts purposes by the Office for National Statistics (ONS). The IJB is able to hold reserves which should be accounted for in the financial accounts of the Board.
- 1.2 The purpose of this Reserves Policy is to:
- outline the legislative and regulatory framework underpinning the creation, use or assessment of the adequacy of reserves;
  - identify the principles to be employed by the IJB in assessing the adequacy of the its reserves;
  - indicate how frequently the adequacy of the IJB's balances and reserves will be reviewed and;
  - set out arrangements relating to the creation, amendment and the use of reserves and balances.
- 1.3 In common with local authorities, the IJB can hold reserves within a usable category.

## **2. Statutory / Regulatory Framework for Reserves**

### Usable Reserves

- 2.1 Local Government bodies - which includes the IJB for these purposes - may only hold usable reserves for which there is a statutory or regulatory power to do so. In Scotland, the legislative framework includes:

Usable Reserve - Powers

General Fund - Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973

- 2.2 For each reserve there should be a clear protocol setting out:
- the reason / purpose of the reserve;
  - how the reserve links to the strategic plan,
  - how and when the reserve can be used;
  - procedures for the reserves management and control; and
  - The timescale for review to ensure continuing relevance and adequacy.

### **3. Operation of Reserves**

3.1 Reserves are generally held to do three things:

- create a working balance to help cushion the impact of uneven cash flows and avoid unnecessary temporary borrowing;
- create a contingency to cushion the impact of unexpected events or emergencies – this also forms part of general reserves; and
- create a means of building up funds, often referred to as earmarked reserves, to meet known or predicted liabilities, including ring fencing funding allocations from the Scottish Government which are required to be spent on specific projects.

3.2 The balance of the reserves normally comprises of three elements:

- funds that are earmarked or set aside for specific purposes. In Scotland under Local Government rules, the IJB cannot have a separate Earmarked Reserve within the Balance Sheet, but can highlight elements of the General Reserve balance required for specific purposes. The identification of such funds can be highlighted from a number of sources including:
- future use of funds for a specific purpose, as agreed by the IJB; or
- funds which are not earmarked for specific purposes, but are set aside to deal with unexpected events or emergencies; and
- funds held in excess of the target level of reserves and the identified earmarked sums. Reserves of this nature can be spent or earmarked at the discretion of the IJB.

### **4. Role of the Chief Finance Officer**

4.1 The Chief Finance Officer is responsible for advising on the targeted optimum levels of reserves the IJB would aim to hold (the prudential target). The IJB, based on this advice, should then approve the appropriate reserve strategy as part of the budget process.

### **5. Adequacy of Reserves**

5.1 There is no guidance on the minimum level of reserves that should be held. In determining the prudential target, the Chief Finance Officer must take account of the strategic, operational and financial risks facing the IJB over the medium term and the IJB's overall approach to risk management.

5.2 In determining the prudential target, the Chief Finance Officer should consider the IJB's Strategic Plan, the medium term financial outlook and the overall

financial environment. Guidance also recommends that the Chief Finance Officer reviews any earmarked reserves as part of the annual budget process and development of the Strategic Plan.

- 5.3 In light of the size and scale of the IJB's responsibilities, over the medium term it is proposed to hold a prudent level of general reserves. The reserves will be reviewed annually as part of the IJB's Budget and Strategic Plan; and in light of the financial environment at that time. The level of other earmarked funds will be established as part of the annual financial accounting process.

## **6. Reporting Framework**

- 6.1 The Chief Finance Officer has a fiduciary duty to be satisfied that decisions taken on the balances and reserves ensure proper stewardship of public funds.
- 6.2 The level and utilisation of reserves will be formally approved by the IJB based on the advice of the Chief Finance Officer. To enable the IJB to reach a decision, the Chief Finance Officer should clearly state the factors that influenced this advice.
- 6.3 As part of the budget report the Chief Finance Officer should state:
- the current value of general reserves, the movement proposed during the year and the estimated year-end balance and the extent that balances are being used to fund recurrent expenditure;
  - the adequacy of general reserves in light of the IJB's Strategic Plan, the medium term financial framework and the overall financial environment;
  - an assessment of earmarked reserves and advice on appropriate levels and movements during the year and over the medium term; and
  - if the reserves held are under the prudential target, that the IJB should be considering actions to meet the target through their budget process.

## **7. Accounting and Disclosure**

- 7.1 Expenditure should not be charged direct to any reserve. Any movement within Revenue Reserves is accounted for as an appropriation and is transparent. Entries within a reserve are specifically restricted to 'contributions to and from the revenue account' with expenditure charged to the service revenue account.

## **Appendix 1 - Reserves Protocol**

### **General Fund**

<b>Purpose of the reserve</b>	The General Fund of the Integrated Joint Board will be utilised to hold balances generated within Income and Expenditure Account
<b>Use of the reserve</b>	This represents the general reserve of the Integration Joint Board and is used to manage the financial strategy of the Integration Joint Board. Any use of general fund reserves has to be approved by the Integration Joint Board through the appropriate committee framework
<b>Management and Control</b>	Management and control is maintained through the established financial management frameworks and review through the year end and budget process.